
Graylog (GIM) Schema

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This guide is a reference for the schema used in Graylog Illuminate. We will keep this updates as changes are made, but if you feel a change should be here, please open a GitHub issue [HERE](#).

CHAPTER 1

How To Use this Guide

Welcome to the Graylog Information Model (GIM). The Schema is broken down into sections, like “File” or “Destination” with all meta data fields below that link.

Graylog Illuminate will utilize this schema for all the content it will be creating. This guide will be the official reference, and should be used if you are creating your own content, and want it to match with our content we create.

If you take any log source, and put the user name into a field called `user_name`, then any dashboard or alert created with Illuminate will work as well.

Graylog Template

During processing of the logs, data from the logs are inserted into Elasticsearch as “keywords”, meaning they are not modified in any way, and stored as-is. This means the follow data points are unique:

`Administrator` or `administrator`

If you are doing a search in the Graylog UI, you would have to search for both of the terms, or know exactly which one to search for. Fields like `user_name` make sense to have the ability to search without worrying about the case of the word.

In order to ensure these options are accounted for, a custom analyzer has been included in the Graylog Schema template, called “loweronly”. Fields normalized with “loweronly” will be converted to lowercase before the data is indexed, and search query strings for these fields will be converted to lowercase as well when ran. Pages in the schema, will list these fields as *keyword/loweronly* for reference.

2.1 Information Model: Entities

2.1.1 Alert Fields

- For messages that are an alert, such as an IDS alert
- For Vendor alert severity levels the `vendor_event_severity*` fields will be used

Table 1: Alert Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
alert_definition_id	2020, version , 4092348	keyword	Version or identification value that indicates the version a collection of signatures (A/V, etc.) is in use
alert_category	malware, trojan, ransomware	keyword	Future: How do we define this field considering vendors will have their own categories? Or is that not a concern? Possibly move this to derived fields & set only allowed values
alert_indicator	malware.exe, http://badsite	keyword	A filename, URL, packet snippet or other artifact that is related to the event that caused the alert to be generated.
alert_signature		keyword	Vendor-provided Alert text description
alert_signature_id		keyword	Vendor specific unique identifier for alert signature (e.g., 1:1905345:5 for Snort signatures.)

Table 2: Derived and Enriched Fields (values will be derived or added from external sources)

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
alert_severity	critical, high, medium, low, informational	keyword	Severity of Alert
alert_severity_level	5	byte	Numeric representation of the severity rating of the source message: 1 = Critical, 2 = High, 3 = Medium, 4 = Low, 5 = Informational

2.1.2 Application Fields

Table 3: Application Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
application_name	Facebook, SQL, Salesforce	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	Name of the application, this can be a layer 7 application name for a web service, the name of a running application process, etc.
application_sso_signonmode		keyword	For Single Sign-On (SSO) events this is the method used to access the application
application_sso_target_name		keyword	For SSO events this is the name of the application being accessed

2.1.3 Autonomous System (AS) Sub-Fields

- Autonomous System (AS) fields for the Internet (Nested as needed)
- AS fields have data referencing organization information related to an IP address
- AS fields apply to source, destination, and host entities

Table 4: Autonomous System (AS) Sub-Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
..._as_number	15169	keyword	Unique number. ASN identify each network on internet
..._as_organization	Graylog	keyword	Organization Name
..._as_isp		keyword	ISP associated with IP address
..._as_domain		keyword	Domain associated with IP address

2.1.4 Associated Fields

Table 5: Associated Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
associated_category		keyword	TBD: Not sure if this is useful
associated_md5,sha1,sha256,sha512,imp	609fb466e043b9f2635827ce44b43c	keyword	All associated md5,sha1,sha256,sha512,imp hashes from a log message
associated_host	1.2.3,corpdc01,corpdc01.corp	keyword	Any identifying host information - IP, Hostname, etc. from a log message, not implmented yet.
associated_ip	10.1.2.3,fe80:5c311:4::2c	keyword	Associated IP addresses for a log message
associated_mac	08:4:44:01:a9:d	keyword	Associated MAC addresses for a log message, colon-delimited and lower case
associated_session_id	65570c	keyword	Associated session IDs for a log message
associated_userid	999,Scd-5-18	keyword	This will be a field that maps to all user ID values (uids, SIDs, etc.) that are associated with a user context. This can/may eventually be populated from the user framework.
associated_administrator	administrator,administrator@corp.local	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	Any associated/alternate user ID or email, can be a set of multiple values.

2.1.5 Destination Fields

Table 6: Destination Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
destination_application_name	facebook, twitter	keyword	Describes the target application
destination_bytes_sent		long	Network bytes sent by destination to the source. Some sources may present this as source bytes received, bytes received, or similar.
destination_domain	example.com	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	Destination domain context
destination_domain_id	example.com	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	
destination_ip	10.1.2.3, fe80:5cc3:11:4::2c	ip	IPv4 and IPv6 addresses
destination_ip6	10.1.2.3, fe80:5cc3:11:4::2c	ip	
destination_port	2356	integer	
destination_packets_sent	7245824	long	Number of packets delivered to the destination endpoint
destination_port	80	integer	
destination_uuid	09VX93DD	keyword	Identifying value for the destination such as a serial number
destination_type		keyword	Destination device information such as model number
destination_vsys_uuid		keyword	Destination virtual system UUID
destination_zone		keyword	Network zone for the destination

Table 7: Derived and Enriched Fields (values will be derived or added from external sources)

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
destination_as_*			See: as_*_fields
destination_category		keyword	Future: from entity mapping
destination_geo_*			See: geo_*_fields
destination_location_name	Chicago, IL, Datacenter 01, Bismark - Finance	keyword	Field is derived either from an internal enterprise network definition or the Geo location fields if available
destination_mac	aa:44:01:a9:d1	keyword	MAC address of host, colon-delimited and lower case
destination_criticality	high, medium, low, informational	keyword	Future: from entity mapping
destination_priority_level	1	byte	1 = Critical, 2 = High, 3 = Medium, 4 = Low, 5 = Informational
destination_reference	IPv6, hostname, fqdn	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	Mapped from source_ip or source_hostname in that order

2.1.6 Email Fields

Table 8: Email Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
email_message_id		keyword	
email_subject	RE: FWD: Testing	keyword	

2.1.7 Event Fields

Table 9: Event Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
event_code	4624, 1	keyword	Vendor-provided numeric event defined by the vendor representing the source message type, e.g. EventCode/Event ID for Microsoft
event_created_at	2020-02-20 08:00:00, 1602080607	date	Date/time that the event was created
event_duration	10293874	long	Length of time in seconds for the event being described
event_error_code	0x000008	keyword	Vendor-provided error code associated with the current message
event_error_description	ERROR: ACCESS DENIED Not Found	keyword	Description of error associated with the current message
event_log_source	security, auth.log	keyword	Reference to log - “Security” “auth.log”, etc.
event_observer_hostname		keyword/hostname	Hostname or FQDN of a system such as an IDS or IPS that generates an message (such as an alert) based on inspection of a thing, such as network traffic.
event_observer_ip	10.1.3, fe80:5cc3:11:4:2c	ip	IP address of the event observer
event_observer_uid		keyword	Unique identifier (such as a serial number or asset ID) associated with the event observer
event_received_at	2020-02-20 08:00:00, 1602080607	date	Date/time that the event was received by the reporting host. Normally applicable to logs relayed by a centralized log server.
event_repeated_count	5, 3, 0, 185	long	Count of times a message has been repeated - provided by log creator/processor
event_reporter		keyword	System that delivered the message to Graylog - a WEC server, syslog collector, etc.
event_source		keyword	Source system that generated the event
event_source_api_version		keyword	API version of source where logs are collected via API
event_source_product	linux, okta	keyword	System responsible for generating the event, e.g. “windows”, “okta”, etc.
event_start	2020-02-20 08:00:00, 1602080607	date	Beginning time of an event described in a log message, usually associated with an event that has a duration.
event_uid	1123523564, 0122e2b3-9923-11ea-ab51-061b68b4ca16	keyword	Unique identification associated with a single event/message (e.g. “record number” from Windows event logs, a Graylog message ID)

Table 10: Derived and Enriched Fields (values will be derived or added from external sources)

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
event_action	authenticate, change, alert, network	keyword	This field indicates what action the event is documenting, it can be an array of values where the event can be used to document multiple things (i.e., IDPS events can be both “alert” and “network”)
event_outcome	success, failure	keyword	
event_severity	critical, high, medium, low, informational	keyword	
event_severity_level	5	byte	Numeric representation of the severity rating of the source message: 1 = Critical, 2 = High, 3 = Medium, 4 = Low, 5 = Informational

2.1.8 File Fields

Table 11: File Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
file_company	Microsoft	keyword	Company name associated with a file taken from the file metadata
file_compile_time		date	Compiled date/time that a binary file was compiled
file_name	file.zip, file.exe, file	keyword	File name, not including path
file_path	C:\temp\file.exe	keyword	Full path and file name
file_size	23894713	long	File size in bytes
file_type	gzip compressed data, application/pdf	keyword	Description of file contents

2.1.9 Geolocation Sub-Fields

- Geo fields have data referencing location of event/host/ip
- Geo fields apply to source, destination, and host entities

Table 12: Geolocation Sub-Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
..._geo_city	Hamburg, Houston	keyword	City Name
..._geo_country	US, DE, CA	keyword	Country ISO Alpha-2 code
..._geo_country	USA, Canada	keyword	Country Name
..._geo_coordinates	51.1186,-118.3004	keyword	Latitude, Longitude Coordinate
..._geo_name	Hamburg, DE	keyword	Location Name, can be derived by combining other values
..._geo_state	Hamburg	keyword	State name

2.1.10 Hash Fields

Table 13: Hash Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
hash_md5	4c583e00d471081809282d1519d5f19	keyword	MD5 hash value
hash_sha1	5d4d04eff6aba8467bd2c4308ab028103b35	keyword	SHA1 hash value
hash_sha256		keyword	SHA256 hash value
hash_sha512		keyword	SHA512 hash value
hash_imphash	0b2803c4e9a21024d669631d1b62f1	keyword	IMB hash value

2.1.11 Host Fields

Table 14: Host Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
host_hostname	corpdc01, corpdc01.local, lab01.corpdomain.com	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	NetBIOS or dns hostname
host_id		keyword	Host unique identifier (e.g. SID for Microsoft)
host_ip	10.1.2.3, fe80:5cc3:11:4::2c	ip	IPv4 and IPv6 addresses
host_mac	02:a1:f9:c2:d5:04	keyword	MAC address of host, colon-delimited and lower case
host_reference_ip	127.0.0.1, corpdc01, corpdc01.local, lab01.corpdomain.com	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	Mapped from host_ip or host_hostname in that order - allows a common field to reference for messages that do not provide both (note: CIDR search will not work against this field)
host_type_version		keyword	Operating system version of host
host_virtfw_hostname		keyword/low	For firewalls that operate as partitioned services this is the name of the logical device
host_virtfw_id		keyword	For firewalls that operate as partitioned services this is the ID value of the logical device
host_virtfw_uid		keyword	Unique identifier such as a UUID value representing a virtual host

Table 15: Derived and Enriched Fields (values will be derived or added from external sources)

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
host_as_*			See: as_* fields
host_category		keyword	Future: from entity mapping
host_geo_*			See: geo_* fields
host_location	Chicago, US, Datacenter 01, Bismark - Finance	keyword	Field is derived either from an internal enterprise network definition or the Geo location fields if available
host_priority	critical, high, medium, low, informational	keyword	Future: from entity mapping
host_priority_level		byte	Future: from entity mapping: 1 = Critical, 2 = High, 3 = Medium, 4 = Low, 5 = Informational
host_type		keyword	Machine "type"

2.1.12 HTTP Fields

Table 16: HTTP Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
http_application	book	keyword	Layer 7 application name
http_bytes	29347485	Long	Sum of request + response bytes
http_content_type	application/octet-stream	keyword	Mime type of http content https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Basics_of_HTTP/MIME_types
http_headers		keyword	Full list of http headers https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers
http_host	Host: www.mycorp.local	keyword local	host: ... header from request, if present
http_method	GET, POST	keyword	HTTP request method from https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7231
http_referer	http://mycorp.local/	keyword	“referer” header value if present
http_request_size	239478	long	Size of request
http_request_path	/path/to/resource?options	keyword	Need to review field length/truncation at 8192 characters (consider utf-8). Some may consider the path not to include the “query” (text after the last “/”) but this value may include it.
http_response_size	498274	long	Size of response
http_response_text	OK, Moved Permanently	keyword	Text response mapped from the response code https://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec6.html
http_response_code	300, 404, 500	integer	Numeric server response code
http_uri	https://www.graylog.org , https://www.graylog.org/blog , https://www.mycorp.local/workspaces/team#posts	keyword	Full request string; Need to review field length/truncation at 8192 characters (consider utf-8)
http_uri_category	Suspicious, Games	keyword	Categorization of associated web site/URL
http_user_agent	Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.15; rv:74.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/74.0	keyword	User Agent string
http_user_agent_hostname	Firefox	keyword	Attempted identification of the browser client usually based on user agent analysis
http_user_agent_os	Windows 10	keyword	Operating System of User Agent
http_version	1.0, 1.1, 2.0	keyword	HTTP version
http_xff	X-Forwarded-For: 10.1.2.3	keyword	HTTP x-forwarded-for header value. Future: May map as IP, need to account for different ways this is presented.

Table 17: Derived and Enriched Fields (values will be derived or added from external sources)

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
http_request_path_analyzed		** TBD	Need to review best analyzer configuration for HTTP paths / consider truncation
http_uri_analyzed	//ftp01.server. internal/ file.tar.gz, https://www. graylog.org, https://www. graylog.org/ blog	text/standard	Optionally copied when a URL must be tokenized. Future: will have to research best analyzer config / consider truncation
http_uri_length	2183	long	String length of HTTP user agent
http_user_agent_analyzed		text/standard	This is a copy of the http_user_agent field but processed with text analysis
http_user_agent_length	541	long	String length of original user agent

2.1.13 Network Fields

Table 18: Network Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
network_application	facebook, instagram	keyword/long	Application name - Facebook, etc.
network_bytes	745238	long	Total bytes transmitted during the connection, may be calculated by summing bytes sent/received
network_bytes_rx			DEPRECATED - use destination_bytes_sent
network_bytes_tx			DEPRECATED - use source_bytes_sent
network_community_id		keyword	See: https://github.com/corelight/community-id-spec
network_data_bytes	741238	long	Total bytes of the data payload
network_direction		keyword	
network_forwarded_ip	10.0.0.1 fe80:5cc3:11:4::2c	ip	
network_header_bytes	741238	long	Total bytes of packet header information
network_interface_number	6	integer	https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml
network_icmp_type	echo time exceeded	keyword	https://www.iana.org/assignments/icmp-parameters/icmp-parameters.xhtml
network_inner			TBD
network_interface_in		keyword/long	Name of interface traffic receiving traffic
network_interface_out		keyword/long	Name of interface traffic sending traffic
network_ip_version	4	keyword	IPv4 or IPv6
network_name			TBD
network_packets	741238	long	Total packets transmitted during the connection, may be calculated by summing packets sent/received
network_packets_rx			DEPRECATED - use destination_packets_sent
network_packets_tx			DEPRECATED - use source_packets_sent
network_protocol	ipv6, icmp	keyword/long	Protocol names, preferably from the Keyword column in https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml
network_transport	tcp	keyword/long	transport layer protocol of packet/connection
network_tunnel_type	ipsec	keyword/long	tunnel type
network_tunnel_duration	2093847	long	time in seconds for tunnel duration
network_type			TBD - maybe not needed since network_protocol

2.1.14 Policy Fields

- Related to system/device policies for operating systems, firewalls, etc.

Table 19: Policy Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
policy_id	6da61e4c-84a8-4136-900d-f86c09bb3774	keyword	Unique identifier of a policy
policy_name	admin-user-template	keyword	Name of a policy

2.1.15 Process Fields

- Process is related to the execution of binaries
- The *process_* names can also be prefixed with *target_...* and *parent_...* e.g, *parent_process_id*, *target_process_name*, etc.

Table 20: Process Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
<i>process_command_line</i>	<i>cmd.exe, /tmp/runme</i>	keyword	Full command line of process
<i>process_id</i>	<i>2045,0x3e7</i>	keyword	Process identifier number associated with process
<i>process_integrity_level</i>	<i>high</i>	keyword	Integrity level of process
<i>process_name</i>	<i>whoami, whoami.exe</i>	keyword	File name of executed process
<i>process_path</i>	<i>C:\Windows\system32, /usr/local/bin</i>	keyword	File path of executed process
<i>process_uid</i>	<i>73123815-5caa-4e39-90dc-d25d4013bf15</i>	keyword	GUID or unique identifier for process that is not the <i>process_id</i>

2.1.16 Rule Fields

- Related to system/device rules for operating systems, firewalls, etc.

Table 21: Rule Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
<i>rule_id</i>	<i>6da61e4c-84a8-4136-900d-f86c09bb3774</i>	keyword	Unique identifier of a rule
<i>rule_name</i>	<i>admin-user-template</i>	keyword	Name of a Rule (ex. Outbound Web Traffic)

2.1.17 Service Fields

- Service describes the service/application for which the data was collected from.

Table 22: Service Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
<i>service_version</i>	<i>1.01054</i>	keyword	Version Number of service or underlying application
<i>service_name</i>	<i>graylog-server.service, sshd, graylog-sidecar</i>	keyword	Name of service

2.1.18 Session Fields

- A network session, logon session, any kind of thing with a beginning and an end.

Table 23: Session Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
session_id		Keyword	Vendor-provided unique identifier. This can be a random alphanumeric string, a hex value, a GUID value, etc.

2.1.19 Source Fields

Table 24: Source Fields Schema

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
source_bytes	29834710	long	Network bytes sent by source, some sources may present this as source bytes tx, bytes tx or something similar.
source_hostname	corpdc01, corpdc01.local, lab01.corpdomain.com	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	NetBIOS or dns hostname, converted to lowercase
source_id	09VX93DD	keyword	Identifying value for the source such as a serial number
source_ip	10.1.2.3, fe80:5cc3:11:4:2c	ip	IPv4 and IPv6 addresses
source_ipv6	fe80:5cc3:11:4:2c	ip	Only IPv6 addresses
source_nat_ip	10.1.2.3, fe80:5cc3:11:4:2c	ip	
source_nat_port	2004	integer	
source_packets	23094813	long	Count of packets sent by source
source_port	45392	integer	numeric port, 0-65535
source_type		keyword	Source device information such as model number
source_vsys_uuid		keyword	
source_zone		keyword	

Table 25: Derived and Enriched Fields (values will be derived or added from external sources)

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
source_as_*			See: <i>as_* fields</i>
source_category		keyword	Future: from entity mapping
source_geo_*			See: <i>geo_* fields</i>
source_location	Chicago, US, Datacenter 01, Bismark - Finance	keyword	Field is derived either from an internal enterprise network definition or the Geo location fields if available
source_mac	0:b4:44:01:a9:d1	keyword	MAC address of host, colon-delimited and lower case
source_priority	critical, high, medium, low, informational	keyword	Future: from entity mapping
source_priority_level	1-5	byte	1 = Critical, 2 = High, 3 = Medium, 4 = Low, 5 = Informational
source_referenced_ip	IPv6, host-name, fqdn	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	Mapped from source_ip or source_hostname in that order

2.1.20 Threat Fields

- Information Around Threats

Table 26: Threat Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
threat_category	malware, trojan	Keyword	
threat_detected	true, false	Keyword	Is a threat detected

2.1.21 Trace Fields

- Tracing makes it possible to track events across multiple logs on a unique ID (Micro-service, Web App)

Table 27: Trace Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
trace_id		Keyword	Unique ID of multiple events belonging together.

2.1.22 User Fields

- Possible Field Prefixes: source_* (e.g., “source_user_name”) or destination_* (e.g., “destination_user_name”)
- Where messages describe an action taken by one account impacting another account, the actor (account taking the action) will be described by the “source_user_*” fields and the subject (account for which the action was taken) will be described by the “user_*” fields; Examples include:

- Authentication, where the authenticating service account context is provided
- IAM events, where a user or service has performed an action that impacts a user or group

Table 28: User Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
user_command		keyword	
user_command_path		keyword	
user_domain	mycorp.internal	keyword	AD or LDAP domain
user_email	user@mycorp.int	keyword	
user_id		keyword	Mapped to SID or UID, etc.
user_name		keyword (normalized:loweronly)	
user_session_id	0x34, 1055	keyword	User logon session identifier

Table 29: Derived and Enriched Fields (values will be derived or added from external sources)

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
user_category	corp, default account, finance, help desk	keyword	Future: From entity mapping
user_name	Mapped in Administrators	keyword (normalized:loweronly)	When a user identity or identities is mapped from a source outside of the message itself it is written to this field. This is where Windows well-known SIDs are resolved.
user_priority	critical, high, medium, low	keyword	Future: From entity mapping
user_priority_level	4	byte	1 = Critical, 2 = High, 3 = Medium, 4 = Low
user_type	user, computer, well-known sid, group, {any vendor-provided value}	keyword	Experimental field ** This is still being researched - need to look at what winlogbeats/nxlog may provide in terms of SID resolution in different configurations, and consider different technologies use of "types"

2.1.23 Vendor Fields

- The vendor fields are to capture data provided by source, as-is
- The vendor fields are intended to capture information that is either used in the content we develop, or can be used to provide background on how a field such as event_outcome was defined

Table 30: Vendor Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
vendor_alert_severity	high, medium, low	keyword	When the message is an alert this is the vendor-provided text description of the alert severity
vendor_alert_severity_level	0, 1, 2	integer	When the message is an alert this is the vendor-provided numeric value for the alert severity
vendor_authentication_provider	When authentication was used against, Active Directory, SSO etc	keyword	Vendor defined action - Quick description of the auth source
vendor_credential_type		keyword	Vendor-defined credential type - Password, Token, etc.
vendor_event_action	Including, but not limited to: allow, deny, pass, fail	keyword	Vendor defined action - this should be a short, typically one-word, description of what action the event id describing
vendor_event_description		keyword	Vendor defined description of the action with more detail than is included in event_vendor_action
vendor_event_outcome		keyword	Vendor-defined result of the action defined in the message
vendor_event_outcome_reason		keyword	Vendor-provided text detailing the reason for the vendor-provided outcome
vendor_event_severity		keyword	Vendor-defined text description of the severity rating
vendor_event_severity_level		integer	Vendor-defined numeric severity rating for this event
vendor_private_ip		ip	
vendor_private_ipv6		ip	
vendor_public_ip		ip	
vendor_public_ipv6		ip	
vendor_signin_protocol		keyword	
vendor_threat_suspected		keyword	
vendor_transaction_id		keyword	
vendor_transaction_type		keyword	
vendor_user_type		keyword	

2.1.24 Vendor Entities

Included here are fields specific to a vendors technology, which does not fall under the common schema.

Palo Alto Fields

Table 31: Palo Alto Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
pan_alert_direction		keyword	Indicates the direction of the attack, client-to-server or server-to-client: 0—direction of the threat is client to server. 1—direction of the threat is server to client
pan_after_change_detail		keyword	This field is in custom logs only; it is not in the default format. - It contains the full xpath after the configuration change.

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Table 31 – continued from previous page

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
pan_assoc_id		keyword	Number to identify all connections for an association between to SCTP endpoints
pan_auth_method		keyword	A string showing the authentication type, such as LDAP, RADIUS or SAML
pan_before_change_detail		keyword	This field is in custom logs only; it is not in the default format. - It contains the full xpath after the configuration change.
pan_cloud_hostname		keyword	FQDN of WildFire appliance or Cloud where file was uploaded
pan_dev_group_level_[1-4]		keyword	ID Numbers that indicate the device groups location within DG Hierarchy
pan_dynusergroup_name		keyword	Name of the dynamic user group that contains the user who initiated the session.
pan_event_name		keyword	String showing the name of the event.
pan_event_object		keyword	Name of the object associated with the system event.
pan_evidence		keyword	A summary statement that indicates how many times the host has matched against the conditions defined in the correlation object. For example, Host visited known malware URI (19 times).
pan_flags		keyword	32-bit field that provides details on session
pan_gp_client_version		keyword	The client's GlobalProtect app version.
pan_gp_connect_method		keyword	A string showing the how the GlobalProtect app connects to Gateway, (for example, on-demand or user-login)
pan_gp_error		keyword	A string showing that error that has occurred in any event.
pan_gp_error_code		keyword	An integer associated with any errors that occurred
pan_gp_error_extended		keyword	Additional information for any event that has occurred.
pan_gp_hostname		keyword	The name of the GlobalProtect portal or gateway.
pan_gp_hostid		keyword	Unique ID GlobalProtect assigns to identify the host.
pan_gp_location_name		keyword	A string showing the administrator-defined location of the GlobalProtect portal or gateway.
pan_gp_reason		keyword	A string that shows the reason for the quarantine
pan_hip		keyword	Name of the HIP object or profile.
pan_hip_type		keyword	Whether the hip field represents a HIP object or a HIP profile.
pan_http2		keyword	Identifies if traffic used an HTTP/2 Connection by displaying one of the following values: Parent session ID—HTTP/2 connection. OR. 0—SSL session
pan_link_changes		keyword	Number of link flaps during session
pan_link_switches		keyword	Contains up to four link flap entries, with each entry containing the link name, link tag, link type, physical interface, timestamp, bytes read, bytes written, link health, and link flap cause.
pan_log_action		keyword	Log Forwarding Profile Applied to Session
pan_log_panorama		keyword	A bit field indicating if the log was forwarded to Panorama
pan_log_subtype		keyword	Subtype of Given Log
pan_module		keyword	It provides additional information about the sub-system generating the log
pan_monitor_tag		keyword	IMEI 15/16 Digit number
pan_object_id		keyword	Name of the object associated with the system event.
pan_objectname		keyword	Name of the correlation object that was matched on.
pan_parent_session_id		keyword	ID of the session in which this session is tunneled
pan_parent_start_time		keyword	Time the Tunnel Session began
pan_pcap_id		keyword	Packet Capture ID
pan_ppid		keyword	ID of the protocol for the payload of the data chunk
pan_sctp_chunks_sum		keyword	Sum of SCTP chunks sent and received for an association.

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Table 31 – continued from previous page

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
pan_sctp_chunks_tx		keyword	Number of SCTP chunks sent for an association.
pan_sctp_chunks_rx		keyword	Number of SCTP chunks received for an association.
pan_sdwan_cluster		keyword	Name of the SD-WAN cluster.
pan_sdwan_cluster_type		keyword	Type of cluster (mesh or hub-spoke)
pan_sdwan_device_type		keyword	Type of device (hub or branch)
pan_sdwan_policy_id		keyword	Name of the SD-WAN policy.
pan_sdwan_site_name		keyword	Name of the SD-WAN site
pan_session_end_reason			The reason the session was terminated
pan_source_region		keyword	The region for the user who initiated the session.
pan_tunnel_id		keyword	International Mobile Subscriber Identity Number
pan_tunnel_stage		keyword	A string showing the stage of the connection (for example, before-login, login, or tunnel)
pan_url_index		keyword	Counter allowing you to correlate order of log entries in URL Filtering/WildFire
pan_wildfire_hash		keyword	Binary Hash of file sent to WildFire
pan_wildfire_report_id		keyword	Identifies the analysis request on Wildfire Cloud/Appliance

Microsoft Windows Fields

Table 32: Windows Fields

Field Name	Example Values	Field Type	Notes
source_user_sid_authority1	Sid000	keyword	Initial “authority” with SID preamble. For well-known non-domain SIDs this will be the only field containing SID information.
source_user_sid_authority2		keyword	The domain authority portion of the SID
source_user_sid_rid	5001	keyword	This is the user RID
target_user_sid_authority1	Sid000	keyword	Initial “authority” with SID preamble. For well-known non-domain SIDs this will be the only field containing SID information.
target_user_sid_authority2		keyword	The domain authority portion of the SID
target_user_sid_rid		keyword	This is the user RID
user_sid_authority1		keyword	Initial “authority” with SID preamble. For well-known non-domain SIDs this will be the only field containing SID information.
user_sid_authority2		keyword	The domain authority portion of the SID
user_sid_rid		keyword	This is the user RID
windows_authentication_package_name		keyword	This field is defined only when the windows_authentication_package_name = “NTLM”
windows_authentication_package_name		keyword	Authentication information from Event ID 4624/4625
windows_authentication_process_name		keyword	Authentication information from Event ID 4624/4625
windows_logon_type		byte	https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/auditing/event-4624
windows_logon_type_description		keyword	Description mapped to the logon type field
windows_kerberos_encryption_hex		keyword	The Windows kerberos encryption hex value
windows_kerberos_encryption_type		keyword	Kerberos ticket encryption types https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/auditing/event-4768
windows_kerberos_service_name		keyword	Name of service targeted for Kerberos ticket requests